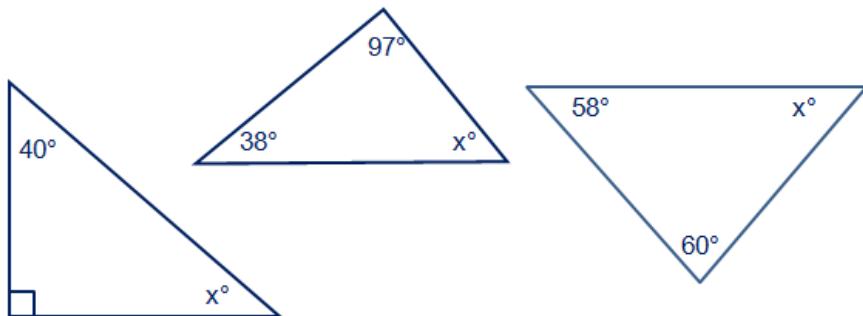
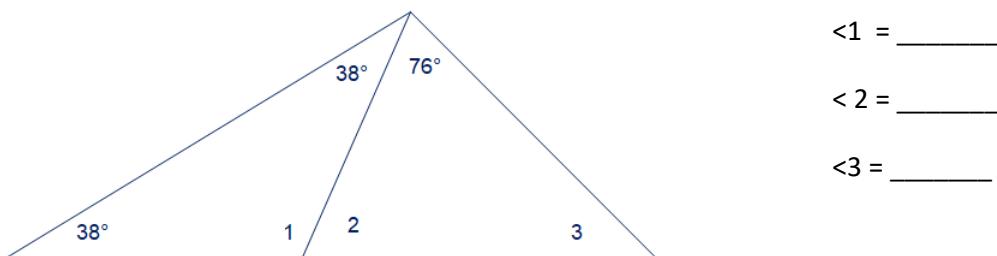


Notes Triangle Sum Theorem

Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

Learning Target: _____
_____Triangle Sum TheoremThe Triangle Sum theorem states _____
_____

Example 1:

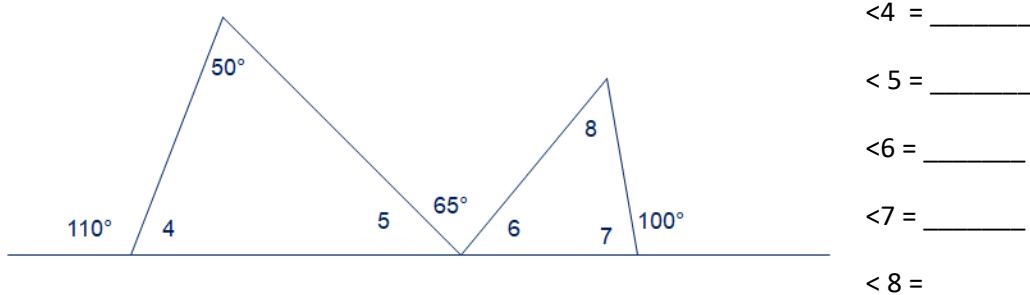


$\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Example 2:



$\angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

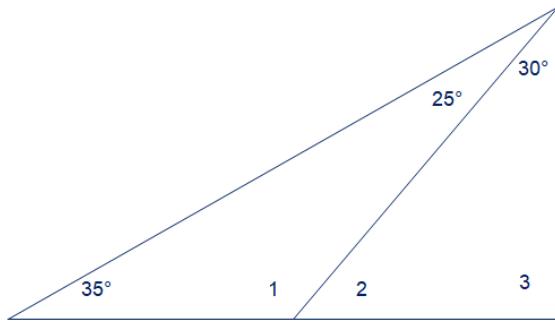
$\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Show me you can do it

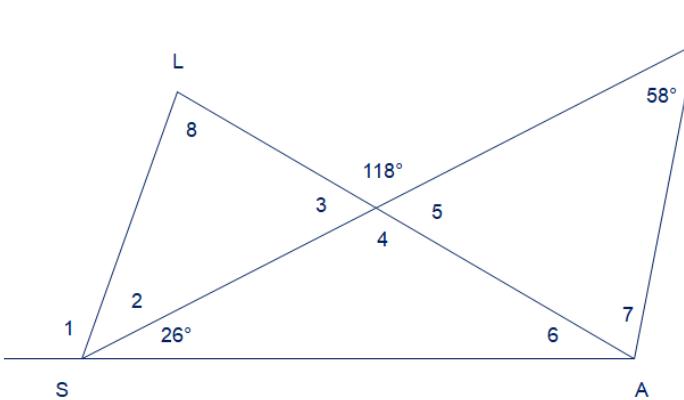


$$\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Example 4: Find the missing angles if LS and MA are parallel



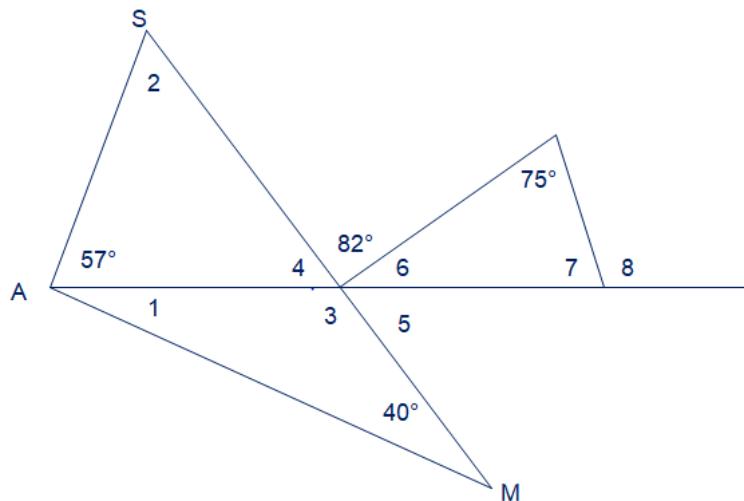
$$\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Example 5: Find the missing angles if $\triangle SAM$ is a right triangle



$$\angle 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\angle 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad \angle 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$