Lessons Covered: \#9 Proofs with Segments, \#10 Angle Addition Postulate, \#11 Constructing Angles, \#12 Angle Relationships

Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

1. Given that $P$ is the midpoint of $\overline{\mathrm{DN}}$ Prove that 2DP = DN


| Statements | Reasons |
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Solve each for $x$
3. $D$ is interior to $\angle A B C . m<A B C=30$, $m<A B D=x+10, m<D B C=2 x-1$. Solve for $x$.
5. $M$ is interior to $<\mathrm{JKL} . \mathrm{m}<\mathrm{JKL}=6 x-16$,
5. $M$ is interior to $<J K L . m<J K L=6 x-16$,
$m<J K M=3 x+8, m<M K L=x-2$. Solve for $x$
2. Given that $\overline{\mathrm{LV}} \cong \overline{\mathrm{QC}}$

Prove that $\overline{\mathrm{LQ}} \cong \overline{\mathrm{VC}}$


| Statements | Reasons |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |

4. H is interior to $<\mathrm{EFG}$. $\mathrm{m}<\mathrm{EFH}=7 \mathrm{x}-3$, $m<H F G=4 x-4, m<E F G=9 x+3$. Solve for $x$.
5. ST bisects $<$ RSU. $m<R S U=6 x+4$. $m<R S T=5 x-2$. Solve for $x$

Construct a line segment for each

| 7. $75^{\circ}$ | 8. $135^{\circ}$ | $9.90^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10. $40^{\circ}$ |  |  |

Draw an example of each
13. Adjacent Angles:
15. Supplementary Angles:
17. Vertical Angles:
16. Linear Angles:
14. Complementary Angle:

There will be 5 review questions from Study Guides 1\&2

